Item name: Former Liverpool & London & Globe building including significant interiors

Location: 62 Pitt Street Sydney 2000

Sydney

Adduose	62 Ditt Streat	Dianning Sydney South	
	62 Pitt Street Planning: Sydney South		
Suburb/nearest town:		D	
Local govt area: State:		Parish: County:	
Other/former names:			
Area/group/complex:	Group ID:		
Aboriginal area:			
Curtilage/boundary:			
Item type:	Built Group: Commercial	Category: Insurance company/building	
Owner:	Private - Corporate		
Admin codes:	Code 2:	Code 3:	
Current use:	Offices, ground floor retail		
Former uses:	Insurance offices		
Assessed significance:	Local	Endorsed significance: Local	
	The former Liverpool & London & Globe building provides uncommon evidence of the prevalence of insurance companies in Central Sydney during the post-World War II period, which were concentrated in the northern section of Central Sydney known as the "golden mile". It represents Sydney's post-World War II boom of international finance and insurance. The site and building is associated with the prominent and long established company, Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance, which occupied the site from 1874 for over 100 years and for whom this building was purpose-built. The building demonstrates an individual and distinctive example of the Late Twentieth Century International style by the prominent architectural firm, Spain Cosh & Stewart. The design of the building, both in plan, with its rare triangular form, and external expression, skilfully responds to the acute-angled and visually prominent corner site. Its facades are a distinctive example of curtain wall design in terms of its construction, unusual colour scheme, and the rare and late use of pigmented structural glass as spandrel panels. The building 's curtain wall cladding is technically significant because of the way it was designed to overcome thermal expansion problems, demonstrating the ways that facade technology evolved in response to local conditions. The building appears to have retained a substantial amount of original external fabric. The building is an important townscape element in Central Sydney, occupying a visually prominent corner site. The architectural resolution of the building's exterior skilfully responds to the site constraints. The building demonstrates one of the few surviving post-World War II curtain wall buildings that once proliferated at the northern end of Central Sydney. The former Liverpool & London & Globe building is of local heritage significance in terms of its historical, associations, aesthetic/technical, rarity and representative value. This satisfies five of the Heritage Council criteria of local heritage significanc		

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Historical notes This site forms part of the land of the Gadigal people, the traditional custodians of land within the City of Sydney **of provenance:** council boundaries. For information about the Aboriginal history of the local area see the City's Barani website:

http://www.sydneybarani.com.au/

The site of 62 Pitt Street is a part of land granted to the Right Reverend Frederick Barker, Lord Bishop of Sydney, on 27 October 1857.

In 1874, Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company purchased and relocated to this site.

The genesis of the Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company took place in 1836 with the foundation of the Liverpool Fire & Life Assurance Company, which became the Liverpool & London Assurance Co in 1847 after the purchase of another insurance company. It achieved its final form after the acquisition of the Globe Insurance Company in 1863. The first Sydney office was established in Bridge Street in 1853, after the Australasian Colonial and General Life Assurance and Annuity Company transferred its agents and liabilities to the Liverpool & London. The office was relocated to Margaret Street the following year.

Sydney's local insurance industry rose from small beginnings in 1831 with the establishment of the Australian Marine Assurance Company by several Sydney merchants for the express purpose of effecting marine insurance. This was followed in 1835 by the arrival of an agency of the London-based Alliance British and Foreign Life Assurance Company. The first local fire and life assurance office to be established in the colony was the Australian Fire and Life Assurance Co, in 1836. However, conditions were not propitious for home grown insurance, and of the seven colonial companies set up between 1831 and 1843, six were dissolved or otherwise in trouble. There were also two British insurance companies represented at this time. By the time the Australian Mutual Provident Society was founded in 1849 there were seven other insurance companies represented in Sydney. The insurance industry expanded rapidly and, by the second half of the 1860s, there were well over twenty companies with Sydney offices. Liverpool & London was part of this era of consolidation.

In 1874, when Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company purchased and relocated to the subject site at the intersection of Pitt and Spring Streets, it was originally occupied by the 1861 building known as Bible Hall. Bible Hall was designed by prominent architect, George Allen Mansfield, for the British and Foreign Bible Society. The building was extensively upgraded in 1905 to the design of Spain & Cosh. Articles of the time reported "The remodelling of the new offices at the corner of Pitt and Spring Streets for the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company, under the supervision of Messrs Spain and Cosh, is being pushed along. The outline of what is practically a new building has been completed" (Sydney Morning Herald, 13 June 1905).

For many years the land title for the subject site appears to have been in the name of company directors, but in March 1908 the title was transferred to the company following the death of two of the three directors on the title. It was subsequently amended in 1911 when Liverpool, London & Globe became a limited company. Liverpool & London & Globe was acquired by Royal Insurance in 1919 but continued to trade as a discrete entity.

At the end of the 1950s, Spain, Cosh & Stewart were commissioned to design a new building for the company; the subject building. The development application for the project was lodged on 13 May 1959 (DA 278/59), followed by the building application on 11 September (BA 2106/59). Tenders for the building's construction were invited in January 1960.

The firm of Spain & Cosh, formed in 1904 when Alfred Spain (1868-1954) and Thomas Frame Cosh (1868-1946) went into partnership, was well regarded as designers of commercial buildings. The firm incorporated the latest technologies and building materials into its works and from the 1910s to the outbreak of World War II. The firm designed a relatively large number of prominent buildings in Central Sydney that included Culwulla Chambers in Castlereagh Street (1911), the Evening News Building, Elizabeth Street (1925), the Lincoln Building in Pitt Street (1924), Marcus Clark's store at Railway Square (1928), Scottish House, Bridge Street (1925), and the former Shell House in Carrington Street (1938). The firm was also responsible for flats, hotels and fire stations. Reginald Arthur Stewart (1911-2006) became a partner in the firm after Alfred Spain retired at the end of the 1930s.

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On 15 March 1962, the completed building was officially opened by Eric Dodds, assistant manager of Liverpool and London. The next day, on 16 March 1962, the Registrar General published in the Government Gazette that the firm's registered office had changed to 62 Pitt Street.

Newspapers of the time reported the newly constructed building in some detail. Articles reported that the building was designed to accommodate four additional levels, although these were never constructed. A 1962 Sydney Morning Herald article reported that the restricted nature of the site led to unusual features, including internally, that only one structural column interrupted the working space on each floor. This article further described the building's construction: "The remaining support for the building is by means of perimeter columns between each bay of windows. These are laid out to a module suitable for subdivision into offices as required. The columns, as well as the solid portion of the flanking walls to each street, are faced wholly with polished Swedish green granite above ground floor level. Externally the ground floor walls and columns are faced with white Sicilian marble, with a base course and shaped corner treatment in green filled travertine." At the ground floor, the company identification was described as "On the shaped travertine corner, externally at ground level, is a fabricated brass and bronze modelled globe, reproducing the design of the company's crest with title lettering above in bronze letters, pinned and shaped off white baked enamel concave bands. These in turn are pinned off the travertine walling and spot-lighted from above." The article also noted further internal features including "One of the original features of the building is a circular steel stair linking ground and first floors. This winds around a circular structural column, the only column in the internal office space."

This development formed part of central Sydney's intense post-war commercial activity and development during the 1950s and early 1960s, which concentrated in the precinct near Circular Quay. This part of central Sydney became known as the "golden mile" or "golden square mile", extending from Circular Quay to Martin Place and from Macquarie Street to George Street (Building, Lighting and Engineering, January 1967, p.38). The insurance industry was at the forefront of Sydney's intense post-war commercial activity and development.

From the mid-1960s, central Sydney became the focus of the country's most frantic construction boom, as a consequence of major economic changes. Sydney became an important link in the chain of cities controlling many of the world's financial and corporate affairs and was closely linked to London. British companies, particularly insurance companies, found Australian cities a source of great investment potential. In Sydney, insurance companies accounted for more new office buildings constructed in Sydney between 1957 and 1966 than were built by local developers or other concerns. The numbers were impressive. Between 1958 and 1976, 210 buildings were constructed in central Sydney, of which 84 were built from 1971 onwards (Daly). This included a cluster of curtain wall buildings constructed in the "golden square mile" for insurance and shipping companies. These typically responded to particular sites, notably on street corners. The subject building at 62 Pitt Street is one of the few surviving examples of these curtain wall buildings from the period of the second half of the 1950s and early 1960s.

In 1978, the property title for the subject land was transferred to Royal Insurance Australia. It was sold to Peter Hutley Investments Pty Limited in 1980, and then acquired by NOI Properties Pty Limited in 1992.

Themes:	National theme 3. Economy	State theme Commerce	Local theme Insurance
	8. Culture	Creative endeavour	Modern architecture & art
	9. Phases of Life	Persons	Spain Cosh & Stewart, architec

Designer: Spain Cosh & Stewart - architect; Stanley Llewellyn & Whitten - structural engineer

Builder: F.T. Eastment & Sons

Year started: 1960

Year completed: 1962

Circa: No

Item name:	Former Liverpool & London & Globe buil	ding including significant interiors
Location:	62 Pitt Street Sydney 2000	Sydney
Physical description:	building is located on a prominent corner site,, a wedge-shaped footprint resulting from the confi	ed of reinforced concrete with aluminium curtain walls. The Idressing both Pitt and Spring Streets, and has a distinctive guration of its site. It provides a well-resolved response to an granite framing each facade is pulled back from the corner, t.
Physical condition level:	regularly spaced structural columns around the p aluminium-framed unit, to overcome expansion proprietary pigmented structural glass product k coloured white. Some shading is provided by all Each of the facades is terminated at its northern reviews as polished dark green Swedish granite. aluminium framed windows, indicating the loca face of perimeter columns while a horizontal gra facades. A pergola-like structure at roof level, w terminates the building against the sky. Other ex Street and Terence Daly's St Peter Julian's Chur Internally, contemporary reports noted "One of ground and first floors. This winds around a circ space." (Sydney Morning Herald article, 1962).	aal and distinctive curtain wall system. Each bay between the erimeter of the building is contained by a separate problems associated with curtain walls. Spandrel panels are a nown as Carrara glass, which is rare for this period, and are minium hoods over windows, integrated into the unit framing. end by a bay faced with what was described in contemporary The end bay on the Spring Street facade contains small iton of service areas. The same granite is also used to line the nite course separates the ground floor from upper sections of the nich was a popular device when the building was constructed, amples include Bunning & Madden's Liner House in Bridge ch in George Street, Haymarket.
Physical condition: Archaeological potential level:	The building is in good condition with a high de	gree of original fabric
Recommended management:	Sydney have been subjected to since completion (Spain Stewart & Lind, BA 1548/82). Alteration opening up of the corner to provide access into the The building should be retained and conserved. F intended for painting, including the aluminium and granite cladding, should remain unpainted and be Alterations and additions should be undertaken in	etain original fabric on the building exterior. Surfaces never d pigmented structural glass curtain walls and the Swedish appropriately maintained. a sympathetic manner that do not obscure original
	architectural features. Remaining intact original i A conservation management plan should be prep future development should be accompanied by a Management category Statutory Instrument	red to guide future use and maintenance. Any application for

Statutory Instrument List on a Local Environmental Plan (LEP)

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Further comments:	Heritage inventory sheets are often not comprehensive, and should be reg sheets are based on information available, and often do not include the so Inventory sheets are constantly updated by the City as further information with little information may simply indicate that there has been no building not mean that items are not significant. Further research is always recomm development proposals for heritage items, and is necessary in preparation Conservation Management Plans, so that the significance of heritage item submitting development applications.	cial history of sites and buildings. becomes available. An inventory sheet g work done to the item recently: it does nended as part of preparation of of Heritage Impact Assessments and	
	Significant interiors for modern office or community buildings generally quality or fabric, such as entrance foyers, halls, lift lobbies, stairs, meeting including original art installations and exposed structural features. It exclu as non-original office or service room fit-outs. Significant interiors can be through preparation of a heritage assessment or conservation managemen	g or event rooms, and gathering spaces, ades interiors with no significance, such e identified in more detail for each item	
Criteria a): [Historical significance]	The former Liverpool & London & Glove building provides uncommon companies financing the construction of commercial buildings during the in Central Sydney, particularly that part known as the "golden mile". It re boom of international finance and insurance. The site is notable for havin Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance, for over 100 years, for whom the	e post-World War II construction boom epresents Sydney's post World War II ng been occupied by one company,	
association	Meets this criterion at a Local level. The building has associations with the Liverpool & London & Globe Insu the earlier British insurance companies to establish an office in Sydney at years, from 1874 until the second half of the 1970s. The company effective and the early 1960s.	nd occupied the site for about 100	
	The building is associated with the long-established and prominent archit became Spain Cosh & Stewart at the end of the 1930s.	ectural firm of Spain & Cosh, which	
	Meets this criterion at a Local level. The facades of 62 Pitt street are a distinctive example of curtain wall desicolour scheme and use of uncommon materials. They demonstrate a rare glass in spandrel panels. The building's curtain wall cladding is also sign designed to overcome thermal expansion problems, demonstrating the waresponse to local conditions. The facades are an individual expression of International style.	and late use of pigmented structural ificant because of the way it was ays that facade technology evolved in	
	The building is an important townscape element in Central Sydney, occur The architectural resolution of the building's exterior skilfully responds t		
Criteria d): [Social/Cultural significance]	Meets this crterion at a Local level. The building's social significance has not been ascertained. May meet this criterion at a Local level.		
Criteria e): [Research significance]	Does not meet this criterion.		

	Item name:	Former Liverpo	ool & London &	c Globe building inclue	ding significant int	eriors	
	Location:	62 Pitt Street Syd	dney 2000			Sydney	
j	Criteria f): [Rarity]	The building is ra curtain wall clade		triangular plan form. The	use of pigmented stru	ctural glass in the ex	ternal
				viving post-World War II of the second state of the second s	-	-	the
	Criteria g): [Representative]	The building is re	on at a Local leve presentative of La	l. tte Twentieth Century Inte	ernational style office	buildings found in C	Central
I	ntactness/Integrity:	Meets this criterio High	on at a Local level				
	References: Studies: Parcels:	Ian Kirk Maurice T Daly Author	Title enton Arı Modern Lot number	Title Review of Potential ("Triangular Office Bl "Insurance Building (The Cyclopedia of No Building, Lighting & "The Liverpool & Lo Sydney Boom, Sydne Movement Architecture in Section number	lock Cost 360,000 por On Former Site" artic ew South Wales Engineering journal, ndon & Globe Insura ey Bust: the city and i	le, 7 July 1959 January 1960 nce Company Limit ts property market, 1 Number	1959 1907 1960 1962
		LOT	1		DP	129926	
	Latitude:				Longitude:		
	Location validity:				Spatial accuracy:		
	Map name:				Map scale:		
	AMG zone:			Easting:		Northing:	
	Listing:	Name Modern Movemer	nt Architecture in	Title Heritage study		Number	ListingDate 01/01/2018
	Data entry:	Data first entered:	23/11/2005	Data updated:	25/03/2019	Status	: Completed

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Image:



Pitt Street elevation viewed from Australia Square, to the west	
City of Sydney	
Roy Lumby	
01/01/2013	
http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP	
P/34501baae9401be43a6a5cf782f9898a266.jpg	
http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP P/Thumb_test34501baae9401be43a6a5cf782f9898a266.jpg	

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SHI number 2428685 Study number

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Location: 62 Pitt Street Sydney 2000

Image:



Caption:	Spring Street elevation
Copy right:	City of Sydney
Image by:	
Image date:	01/01/2005
Image number:	
Image url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP
	P/3453959fa92e28447e99615eaddc975f2c8.jpg
Thumbnail url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP
	P/Thumb_test3453959fa92e28447e99615eaddc975f2c8.jpg
Image:	

Date: 25/03/2019 Full report
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Caption:	Corner presentation
Copy right:	City of Sydney
Image by:	Claudine Loffi
Image date:	02/12/2014
Image number:	
Image url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP P/34561882807052441a99234a1fa09a00e79.jpg
Thumbnail url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP P/Thumb_test34561882807052441a99234a1fa09a00e79.jpg

Image:

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Caption:	Detail of curtain wall cladding on west elevation and turning the corner	
Copy right:	City of Sydney	
Image by:	Roy Lumby	
Image date:	01/01/2013	
Image number:		
Image url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP P/3450848ecce8960438ea2e729c8e3cee0d0.jpg	
Thumbnail url:	http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP P/Thumb_test3450848ecce8960438ea2e729c8e3cee0d0.jpg	

Image:

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 Caption:
 Site preparation in 1960 for building construction

 Copy right:
 City of Sydney

 Image by:
 Image date:

 Image date:
 01/01/1960

 Image number:
 Image number:

 Image url:
 http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP

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 http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP

Image:

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Caption:Shortly after construction, with low-level surrounding skyline, viewed from the south on
Pitt StreetCopy right:State Library of NSWImage by:Image date:Image date:01/01/1962Image unmber:Image url:http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP
P/3457708e54baf734ea396be02ba3af06d32.jpgThumbnail url:http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/maritimeheritageapp/resources/Heritage/shi/WebAP
P/Thumb_test3457708e54baf734ea396be02ba3af06d32.jpg